

Building Extraordinary Relationships

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

CITY OF DELAWARE CITY

Delaware City, Delaware

Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

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Building Extraordinary Relationships

Report of Independent Auditor

To Mayor and City Council City of Delaware City
Delaware City, Delaware

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Delaware City, Delaware as of and for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Delaware City, Delaware, as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the years then ended in accordance accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that budgetary comparison information, reported on pages 30 and 31, be presented to supplement Such information, although not a part of the basic the basic financial statements. financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or to provide any assurance. Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis section that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Delaware City, Delaware's financial statements. The combining fund financial statements, reported on pages 32 and 33, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 27, 2020 on our consideration of the City of Delaware City, Delaware's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Delaware City, Delaware's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Delaware City, Delaware's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Mayor and members of Council, others within the City, the Office of the Governor, the Office of Controller General, Office of Attorney General, Office of Management and Budget, Secretary of Finance, Office of Auditor of Accounts, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a public record and its distribution is not limited.

Whisman Giordano & Associates, LLC

Newark, Delaware January 27, 2020



STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION
As of June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019			2018				
		20		Component		20	10	Component
	P1	rimary Governmer	ıt	Unit	P:	rimary Governmen	t	Unit
	Activit	y Type		Delaware City	Activit	ty Type		Delaware City
	Governmental	Business	Totals	Day Committee	Governmental	Business	Totals	Day Committee
ASSETS								
Current assets								
Cash and equivalents	\$ 365,520	\$ -	\$ 365,520	\$ 39,502	\$ 314,886	\$ -	\$ 314,886	\$ 9,492
Receivables, net of allowance:								
Property taxes	4,334	_	4,334	_	4,357	_	4,357	_
Accounts	_	85,215	85,215	-		73,356	73,356	-
Other	26,357	-	26,357	-	6,205	-	6,205	_
Prepayments and other assets	-	=		=		=		3,500
Due from other governments	105,733	-	105,733	-	229,857	-	229,857	-
Due from primary government								29,400
Total current assets	501,944	85,215	587,159	39,502	555,305	73,356	628,661	42,392
Noncurrent assets								
Capital assets, net of depreciation:								
Nondepreciable	421,737	18,331	440,068	_	421,737	18,331	440,068	_
Depreciable	5,520,383	143,956	5,664,339		5,536,826	178,222	5,715,048	
Total noncurrent assets	5,942,120	162,287	6,104,407		5,958,563	196,553	6,155,116	
TOTAL ASSETS	6,444,064	247,502	6,691,566	39,502	6,513,868	269,909	6,783,777	42,392
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Bond issue costs, net of amortization		10,376	10,376			11,774	11,774	
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities								
Line of credit	=	=	-	=	=	=	=	-
Accounts payable and other	113,260	-	113,260	_	57,425	-	57,425	_
Accrued interest payable	-	5,916	5,916	-	-	4,310	4,310	-
Current portion of long-term debt	85,969	37,462	123,431	-	82,767	29,309	112,076	-
Funds held in custody	75,012	-	75,012	-	44,016	-	44,016	-
Refundable advances and other deposits	87,922	16,008	103,930	-	120,533	15,408	135,941	-
Due to component unit					29,400		29,400	
Total current liabilities	362,163	59,386	421,549		334,141	49,027	383,168	
Noncurrent liabilities								
Long-term debt, net of current portion	999,677	552,633	1,552,310	_	373,170	583,114	956,284	_
Long-term portion of compensated absences	19,643		19,643		19,719		19,719	
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,019,320	552,633	1,571,953		392,889	583,114	976,003	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,381,483	612,019	1,993,502		727,030	632,141	1,359,171	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue-other	7,284		7,284		7,484		7,484	
NET POSITION (LIABILITIES)								
Net investment in capital assets	4,856,474	(417,432)	4,439,042	-	5,502,626	(404,096)	5,098,530	-
Restricted for specific programs	71,189	_	71,189	39,502	114,110	_	114,110	42,392
Unrestricted	127,634	63,291	190,925		162,618	53,638	216,256	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 5,055,297	\$ (354,141)	\$ 4,701,156	\$ 39,502	\$ 5,779,354	\$ (350,458)	\$ 5,428,896	\$ 42,392

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year Ended June 30, 2019

Purctions					Net	Component			
Parcitions		Program Revenues			and Changes in Net Position			Unit	
Contract			Charges for	Grants and (Contributions	Activit	y Type		Delaware City
Concern Quoremennt \$ 520,474 80,224 44,134 136,116 10,36,116 10,24,781	Functions	Expenses	Services	Operating	Capital	Governmental	Business	Totals	Day Committee
Code enforcement 22,366 7,575 -	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Public safety-police	General government	\$ 520,474	80,224	44,134	-	(396,116)	_	(396,116)	-
Public works-streets	Code enforcement	22,366	7,575	_	-	(14,791)	_	(14,791)	-
Public works-sanitation	Public safety-police	476,286	20,071	25,745	16,627	(413,843)	_	(413,843)	_
Parks and recreation	Public works-streets	86,100	_	_	296,347	210,247	_	210,247	_
Community Center	Public works-sanitation	213,813	6,367	_	-	(207,446)	-	(207,446)	_
Therest on long-term debt 18,529 -	Parks and recreation	1,320,859	_	_	519,242	(801,617)	_	(801,617)	_
Depreciation-unallocated 404,839	Community Center	61,563	_	61,563	15,000	15,000	-	15,000	_
### BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Water system	Interest on long-term debt	18,529	_	_	-	(18,529)	_	(18,529)	-
## National State	Depreciation-unallocated	404,839				(404,839)		(404,839)	
Mater system 283,709 321,661 - - 37,952 37,952 - -	Total governmental activities	3,124,829	114,237	131,442	847,216	(2,031,934)		(2,031,934)	
Total pusiness-type activities 283,709 321,661 37,952 37,952 37,952 37,952 37,952 37,952 37,952 37,952 37,952 37,952	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Total pusiness-type activities 283,709 321,661 37,952 37,952 37,952 37,952 37,952 37,952 37,952 37,952 37,952 37,952	Water system	283,709	321,661	_	-	-	37,952	37,952	-
DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT Delaware City Day Committee 68,730 14,550 51,290 (2,890) TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT AND COMPONENT UNIT 53,477,268 \$ 450,448 \$ 182,732 \$ 847,216 (2,031,934) 37,952 (1,993,982) (2,890) GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSPERS Property taxes levied for general purposes 1,089,749 - 1,089,749 - 16,722 - 16,722 - 16,722 - 16,722 - 110,890 - 140,819 -					=	_			
Delaware City Day Committee 68,730 14,550 51,290 (2,890) TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT AND COMPONENT UNIT \$3,477,268 \$450,448 \$182,732 \$847,216 (2,031,934) 37,952 (1,993,982) (2,890) GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSPERS Property taxes levied for general purposes 1,089,749 - 1,089,749 - 16,722 - 16,722 - 16,722 - 16,722 - 16,722 - 16,722 - 10,899,749 - 1,0819 - 10,81	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	3,408,538	435,898	131,442	847,216	(2,031,934)	37,952	(1,993,982)	-
### Component Unit \$3,477,268 \$450,448 \$182,732 \$847,216 \$(2,031,934) \$37,952 \$(1,993,982) \$(2,890) #### General Revenues and Transfers Property taxes levied for general purposes 1,089,749 - 1,089,749 - 16,722 -	DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT								
GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS Property taxes levied for general purposes 1,089,749 - 1,089,749 - Cable franchise taxes 16,722 - 16,722 - Investment earnings and rents 140,819 - 140,819 - 6,000 - 8	Delaware City Day Committee	68,730	14,550	51,290					(2,890)
Property taxes levied for general purposes 1,089,749 -	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT AND COMPONENT UNIT	\$3,477,268	\$ 450,448	\$ 182,732	\$ 847,216	(2,031,934)	37,952	(1,993,982)	(2,890)
Cable franchise taxes 16,722 - 16,722 - Investment earnings and rents 140,819 - 140,819 - Gain from sale of capital assets 800 - 800 - Miscellaneous revenues 9,714 8,438 18,152 - Transfers between governmental, BT activities 50,073 (50,073) Total general revenues and transfers 1,307,877 (41,635) 1,266,242 - CHANGES IN NET POSITION (724,057) (3,683) (727,740) (2,890) NET POSITION (LIABILITIES) Beginning of year 5,779,354 (350,458) 5,428,896 42,392		GENERAL REVEN	NUES AND TRANS	FERS					
Investment earnings and rents 140,819 - 140,819 - Gain from sale of capital assets 800 - 800 - Miscellaneous revenues 9,714 8,438 18,152 - Transfers between governmental, BT activities 50,073 (50,073) Total general revenues and transfers 1,307,877 (41,635) 1,266,242 - CHANGES IN NET POSITION (724,057) (3,683) (727,740) (2,890) NET POSITION (LIABILITIES) Beginning of year 5,779,354 (350,458) 5,428,896 42,392		Property tax	xes levied for	general purpo	ses	1,089,749	_	1,089,749	_
Gain from sale of capital assets 800 - 800 - Miscellaneous revenues 9,714 8,438 18,152 - Transfers between governmental, BT activities 50,073 (50,073) Total general revenues and transfers 1,307,877 (41,635) 1,266,242 - CHANGES IN NET POSITION (11ABILITIES) Beginning of year 5,779,354 (350,458) 5,428,896 42,392		Cable franc	hise taxes			16,722	_	16,722	_
Miscellaneous revenues 9,714 8,438 18,152 - Transfers between governmental, BT activities 50,073 (50,073) - - Total general revenues and transfers 1,307,877 (41,635) 1,266,242 - CHANGES IN NET POSITION (724,057) (3,683) (727,740) (2,890) NET POSITION (LIABILITIES) 5,779,354 (350,458) 5,428,896 42,392)		Investment	earnings and r	ents		140,819	_	140,819	_
Transfers between governmental, BT activities 50,073 (50,073) Total general revenues and transfers 1,307,877 (41,635) 1,266,242 CHANGES IN NET POSITION (724,057) (3,683) (727,740) (2,890) NET POSITION (LIABILITIES) Beginning of year 5,779,354 (350,458) 5,428,896 42,392		Gain from s	ale of capital	assets		800	_	800	-
Total general revenues and transfers 1,307,877 (41,635) 1,266,242 - CHANGES IN NET POSITION (724,057) (3,683) (727,740) (2,890 NET POSITION (LIABILITIES) Beginning of year 5,779,354 (350,458) 5,428,896 42,392		Miscellaneo	us revenues			9,714	8,438	18,152	-
CHANGES IN NET POSITION (724,057) (3,683) (727,740) (2,890) NET POSITION (LIABILITIES) Beginning of year 5,779,354 (350,458) 5,428,896 42,392		Transfers b	etween governm	ental, BT act	vities	50,073	(50,073)		
NET POSITION (LIABILITIES) Beginning of year 5,779,354 (350,458) 5,428,896 42,392		Total gene	ral revenues a	and transfers		1,307,877	(41,635)	1,266,242	
Beginning of year		CHANGES IN NE	ET POSITION			(724,057)	(3,683)	(727,740)	(2,890)
End of year \$5,055,297 \$ (354,141) \$4,701,156 \$ 39,502						5,779,354	(350,458)	5,428,896	42,392
		End of year				\$5,055,297	\$ (354,141)	\$4,701,156	\$ 39,502

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year Ended June 30, 2018

## COMPRISHED Supplementary Capital Capital Capital Capital Susiness Totals Day Committed Capital						Net	Component			
Expenses Expenses Services Operating Capital Governmental Business Totals Day Committed			Program Revenues			and Changes in Net Position			Unit	
Covernmental Activities General government \$ 520,637 72,690 4,342 - (443,605) - (443,605) - (18,450) - (Charges for	Grants and (Contributions	Activit	y Type		Delaware City	
General government	Functions	Expenses	Services	Operating	Capital	Governmental	Business	Totals	Day Committee	
Code onforcement	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
Public safety-police 367,142 7,145 20,192 - (339,005) - (339,005) - (339,005) Public works-streets 103,602 - 42,158 - (61,444) - (61,444) Public works-sanitation 216,224 5,000 - (211,224) - (211,224) - (211,224) Parks and recreation 436,664 - 182,441 183,533 (70,690) - (70,690) - (70,690) - (70,690) Parks and recreation 1000 - (70,690) - (70,690) - (70,690) - (70,690) - (70,690) - (70,690) Pepreciation-unallocated 395,165 (10,640) - (10,640) - (10,640) - (10,640) Pepreciation-unallocated 395,165 (10,640) - (10,640	General government	\$ 520,637	72,690	4,342	=	(443,605)	-	(443,605)		
Public works-streets 103,602 - 42,158 - (61,444) - (61,444) - Public works-sanitation 216,224 5,000 - (211,224) -	Code enforcement	57,414	38,964	_	_	(18,450)	=	(18,450)	=	
Public works-sentitation 216,224 5,000 - (211,224) - (211,224) - Public works-sentitation 436,664 - 182,441 183,533 (70,660) - (70,6	Public safety-police	367,142	7,145	20,192	_	(339,805)	_	(339,805)	_	
Parks and recreation	Public works-streets	103,602	-	42,158	_	(61,444)	_	(61,444)		
Parks and recreation	Public works-sanitation	216,224	5,000	_	_	(211,224)	_	(211,224)	_	
Theorest on long-term debt 10,640 - - (10,640) - (10,640) - (10,640)	Parks and recreation	436,664	_	182,441	183,533		_	(70,690)	_	
Depreciation-unallocated 395,165 - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165)	Community Center	73,605	-	18,772	_	(54,833)	_	(54,833)	_	
Depreciation-unallocated 395,165 - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,165) - (395,16	Interest on long-term debt	10,640	-	=	=	(10,640)	-	(10,640)	=	
## BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Mater system			_	_	_		_		_	
## Total business-type activities 340,430 272,592 - - - (67,838) (67,838) -	Total governmental activities	2,181,093	123,799	267,905	183,533	(1,605,856)		(1,605,856)		
Total business-type activities 340,430 272,592 (67,838) (67,838) - TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT 2,521,523 396,391 267,905 183,533 (1,605,856) (67,838) (1,673,694) - DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT Delaware City Day Committee 68,897 10,165 39,224 (19,55)	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES									
Total business-type activities 340,430 272,592 (67,838) (67,838) - TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT 2,521,523 396,391 267,905 183,533 (1,605,856) (67,838) (1,673,694) - DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT Delaware City Day Committee 68,897 10,165 39,224 (19,55)	Water system	340,430	272,592	_	_	_	(67,838)	(67,838)	_	
### TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT 2,521,523 396,391 267,905 183,533 (1,605,856) (67,838) (1,673,694)								-		
DISCRETELTY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT Delaware City Day Committee 68,897 10,165 39,224 (19,5) TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT AND COMPONENT UNIT \$2,590,420 \$ 406,556 \$ 307,129 \$ 183,533 (1,605,856) (67,838) (1,673,694) (19,5) GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS Property taxes levided for general purposes 994,722 - 994,722 - 17,022 - 17,022 - 17,022 - 17,022 - 155,706 -					-			(31/333/		
Delaware City Day Committee 68,897 10,165 39,224 (19.55) TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT AND COMPONENT UNIT \$2,590,420 \$ 406,556 \$ 307,129 \$ 183,533 (1,605,856) (67,838) (1,673,694) (19.55) GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS Property taxes levied for general purposes 994,722 - 994,722 - 17,022	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	2,521,523	396,391	267,905	183,533	(1,605,856)	(67,838)	(1,673,694)	-	
### COMPONENT UNIT \$2,590,420 \$ 406,556 \$ 307,129 \$ 183,533 \$ (1,605,856) \$ (67,838) \$ (1,673,694) \$ (19,556) \$ (19,5										
### GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS Property taxes levied for general purposes 994,722 - 994,722 - Cable franchise taxes 17,022 - 17,022 - Investment earnings and rents 155,706 - 155,706 - Gain from sale of capital assets 5,151 - 5,151 - Miscellaneous revenues 23,566 1,040 24,606 - Transfers between governmental, BT activities (26,257) 26,257 Total general revenues and transfers 1,169,910 27,297 1,197,207 - CHANGES IN NET POSITION (435,946) (40,541) (476,487) (19,54) NET POSITION (LIABILITIES)	Delaware City Day Committee	68,897	10,165	39,224					(19,508)	
Property taxes levied for general purposes 994,722 - 994,722 - 17,022 - 17,022 - 17,022 - 17,022 - 155,706 - 155,706 - 155,706 - 155,706 - 5,151 - 5,1	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT AND COMPONENT UNIT	\$2,590,420	\$ 406,556	\$ 307,129	\$ 183,533	(1,605,856)	(67,838)	(1,673,694)	(19,508)	
Property taxes levied for general purposes 994,722 - 994,722 - 17,022 - 17,022 - 17,022 - 17,022 - 155,706 - 155,706 - 155,706 - 155,706 - 5,151 - 5,1										
Cable franchise taxes 17,022 - 17,022 - 155,706 - 155,70						004 722		004 722		
Investment earnings and rents 155,706 - 155,706 - 5,151 - 5,15				general purpo	oses	•	-	•	=-	
Gain from sale of capital assets 5,151 - 5,151							_			
Miscellaneous revenues 23,566 1,040 24,606 - Transfers between governmental, BT activities (26,257) 26,257 - - Total general revenues and transfers 1,169,910 27,297 1,197,207 - CHANGES IN NET POSITION (435,946) (40,541) (476,487) (19,50) NET POSITION (LIABILITIES)			-							
Transfers between governmental, BT activities (26,257) 26,257			_	assets				•		
Total general revenues and transfers 1,169,910 27,297 1,197,207 - CHANGES IN NET POSITION (435,946) (40,541) (476,487) (19,5) NET POSITION (LIABILITIES)										
CHANGES IN NET POSITION (435,946) (40,541) (476,487) (19,5		Transfers De	etween governm	ental, Br acti	ivities	(20,237)	20,257			
NET POSITION (LIABILITIES)		Total gene	ral revenues a	and transfers		1,169,910	27,297	1,197,207		
		CHANGES IN NE	ET POSITION			(435,946)	(40,541)	(476,487)	(19,508)	
5 045 000 (000 045) 5 005 000 (000		NET POSITION	(LIABILITIES)							
Beginning of year 6,215,300 (309,917) 5,905,383 61,5		Beginning of	f year			6,215,300	(309,917)	5,905,383	61,900	
End of year \$5,779,354 \$ (350,458) \$5,428,896 \$ 42,3		End of year				\$5,779,354	\$ (350,458)	\$5,428,896	\$ 42,392	

BALANCE SHEETS-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of June 30, 2019 and 2018

		2019		2018			
	Gove	rnmental Fund I	ypes	Governmental Fund Types			
		Special		Special			
	General	Revenue	Totals	General	Revenue	Totals	
ASSETS							
ASSETS							
Cash and equivalents	\$ 285,337	\$ 80,183	\$ 365,520	\$ 200,275	\$ 114,611	\$ 314,886	
Receivables, net of allowance:							
Property taxes	4,334	_	4,334	4,357	_	4,357	
Other	26,357	-	26,357	6,205	_	6,205	
Due from other governments	105,733	-	105,733	_	229,857	229,857	
Interfund receivable (payable)	(2,460)	2,460		116,049	(116,049)		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 419,301	\$ 82,643	\$ 501,944	\$ 326,886	\$ 228,419	\$ 555,305	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Line of credit	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Accounts payable and other	113,260	-	113,260	57,425	_	57,425	
Funds held in custody	75,012	=	75,012	44,016	=	44,016	
Refundable advances and other deposits	86,266	1,656	87,922	15,914	104,619	120,533	
Due to component unit				29,400		29,400	
Total liabilities	274,538	1,656	276,194	146,755	104,619	251,374	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue-other	7,284		7,284	7,484		7,484	
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted-specific programs	_	71,189	71,189	_	114,110	114,110	
Committed-capital reserve	=	-	-	153,976	_	153,976	
Committed-budget reserve	=	=	=	18,671	=	18,671	
Unassigned	137,479	9,798	147,277		9,690	9,690	
Total fund balances	137,479	80,987	218,466	172,647	123,800	296,447	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 419,301	\$ 82,643	\$ 501,944	\$ 326,886	\$ 228,419	\$ 555,305	

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEETS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION As of June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Total fund balances-governmental funds	\$ 218,466	\$ 296,447
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. The cost of capital assets is \$10,296,796 and \$9,908,400 and the related accumulated depreciation is \$4,354,676 and \$3,949,837 for the periods presented. Long-term obligations are not due and payable within the current period and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund types.	5,942,120	5,958,563
Long-Term Debt Obligations 2019 2018		
Current portion \$ (85,969) \$ (82,767) Net of current portion (999,677) (373,170)	(1,085,646)	(455,937)
Compensated absences not due and payable within the period presented are not reported in the governmental funds.	(19,643)	(19,719)
Total net position-governmental activities	\$5,055,297	\$5,779,354

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

		2019		2018			
	Gov	ernmental Fund Ty	mes	Gov	mes es		
	Special						
	General	Revenue	Totals	General	Revenue	Totals	
REVENUES							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$ 995,735	\$ -	\$ 995,735	\$ 946,794	\$ -	\$ 946,794	
Property taxes-transfer taxes	94,014	-	94,014	72,582	_	72,582	
Cable franchise taxes	16,722	_	16,722	17,022	_	17,022	
Licenses and permits	78,925	_	78,925	71,835	_	71,835	
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Federal	265,696	_	265,696	-	148,172	148,172	
State	653,322	59,640	712,962	-	303,266	303,266	
Police fines and court fees	9,353	-	9,353	6,166	-	6,166	
Charges for services	25,959	-	25,959	45,798	-	45,798	
Interest and rents	140,711	108	140,819	155,599	107	155,706	
Contributions	6,466	_	6,466	1,164	_	1,164	
Miscellaneous revenues	15,205		15,205				
Total revenues	2,302,108	59,748	2,361,856	1,316,960	451,545	1,768,505	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	512,446	_	512,446	514,480	4,342	518,822	
Code enforcement	22,366	_	22,366	57,414	-,	57,414	
Public safety-police	460,751	6,071	466,822	344,328	20,192	364,520	
Public works-streets	86,100	-	86,100	98,078	5,524	103,602	
Public works-sanitation	213,813	_	213,813	216,224	-	216,224	
Parks and recreation	72,703	_	72,703	70,690	17,563	88,253	
Community Center	61,563	_	61,563	20,448	18,772	39,220	
Capital outlay	1,650,910	3,210	1,654,120	108,528	348,411	456,939	
Debt service:	1,030,310	3,210	1,054,120	100,320	340,411	430,333	
Principal	83,508	_	83,508	57,682	_	57,682	
Interest and other fees	18,529	_	18,529	10,640		10,640	
Total expenditures	3,182,689	9,281	3,191,970	1,498,512	414,804	1,913,316	
	(000 501)	50.465		(4.04 . 550)	26 544		
EXCESS (DEFICIT) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(880,581)	50,467	(830,114)	(181,552)	36,741	(144,811)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from new financing	713,217	-	713,217	39,528	-	39,528	
Proceeds from Verizon financing	_	-	_	143,758	-	143,758	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	800	-	800	5,151	-	5,151	
Refund of prior year (revenues)-Verizon settlement	_	-	-	(143,758)	-	(143,758)	
Refund of prior year (revenues) expenditures	(11,957)	-	(11,957)	22,402	-	22,402	
Interfund transfers in (out)	143,353	(93,280)	50,073	(26,257)	_	(26,257)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	845,413	(93,280)	752,133	40,824	_	40,824	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(35,168)	(42,813)	(77,981)	(140,728)	36,741	(103,987)	
FUND BALANCES							
Beginning of year	172,647	123,800	296,447	313,375	87,059	400,434	
End of year	\$ 137,479	\$ 80,987	\$ 218,466	\$ 172,647	\$ 123,800	\$ 296,447	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statemen activities are different because:	t of	
Net change in fund balance-total government funds	\$ (77,981)	\$ (103,987)
The governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditu However, in the government-wide financial statements, as with an initial individual cost of \$2,500 or more capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimuseful lives and reported as depreciation expense. following represents the amount by which capital out capitalized exceeds or is less than the depreciation expense for the periods presented.	sets are nated The Llays	
Description 2019 2018	3	
Capital assets \$ 388,396 \$ 67, Depreciation expense (404,839) (395,	727 165) (16,443)	(327,438)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do require current financial resources, and are therefore, reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
	3	
	151 151) –	-
To reflect the impact of the property taxes assessment aprebate impacting the fiscal years presented.	ppeal –	(24,654)
The governmental funds report loan proceeds as other finant sources, while repayment of loan principal is reported a expenditure. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in governmental funds when it is due. However, in the state of activities, interest expense is recognized as it accregardless or when it is due. The net effect of the differences in the treatment of long-term obligations related items is as follows:	s an the ement rues, these	
Description 2019 2018	3	
	528) 682 (629,709)	18,154
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses as compensated absences [vacation and personal days] measured by amounts earned for the period. In the governme funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured the amount of the financial resources used. This amount represents the difference between the amount used versus	are ental d by nount	
amount earned for the periods presented.	76	1,979
Change in net position-governmental activities	\$ (724,057)	\$ (435,946)

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION-PROPRIETARY FUND As of June 30, 2019 and 2018 $\,$

	Water Fund		
	2019	2018	
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	85,215	73,356	
Total current assets	85,215	73,356	
NONCURRENT ASSETS			
Capital assets, net of depreciation:			
Nondepreciable	18,331	18,331	
Depreciable	143,956	178,222	
Total noncurrent assets	162,287	196,553	
TOTAL ASSETS	247,502	269,909	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Bond issue costs, net of amortization	10,376	11,774	
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accrued interest payable	5,916	4,310	
Current portion of long-term debt	37,462	29,309	
Refundable advances and other deposits	16,008	15,408	
Total current liabilities	59,386	49,027	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long-term debt, net of current portion	552,633	583,114	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	612,019	632,141	
NET POSITION (LIABILITIES)			
Net investment in capital assets	(417,432)	(404,096)	
Unrestricted	63,291	53,638	
TOTAL NET POSITION (LIABILITIES)	\$ (354,141)	\$ (350,458)	

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION-PROPRIETARY FUND Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Water Fund		
	2019	2018	
OPERATING REVENUES	å 201 CC1	å 070 F00	
Charges for services	\$ 321,661	\$ 272,592	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries	56,602	68,449	
Payroll taxes	5,156	5,983	
Employee benefits	11,193	15,376	
Contractual services	81,196	67,909	
Insurance	16,383	15,706	
Telephone	1,583	1,578	
Electricity	20,780	13,604	
Professional fees	13,111	28,058	
Distribution system maintenance	6,349	6,165	
Office supplies	_	1,413	
Materials and supplies	5,249	13,619	
Fuel for heating	2,080	1,652	
Miscellaneous	1,779	957	
Depreciation and amortization	35,664	71,910	
Total operating expenses	257,125	312,379	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	64,536	(39,787)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest expense	(26,584)	(28,051)	
Miscellaneous revenues	8,438	1,040	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(18,146)	(27,011)	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	46,390	(66,798)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Transfers from governmental activities	(50,073)	26,257	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	(3,683)	(40,541)	
NET POSITION (LIABILITIES)			
Beginning of year	(350,458)	(309,917)	
End of year	\$ (354,141)	\$ (350,458)	

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS-PROPRIETARY FUND Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (148,510) (150	8 ,586 ,661) ,808)
Cash received from customers 318,840 270 Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (148,510) (150	,661) ,808)
Cash received from customers 318,840 270 Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (148,510) (150	,661) ,808)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (148,510) (150	,661) ,808)
	,808)
cabii paymenes to emproyees for services (72/331)	
Net cash provided (used) by	, 117
	, 117
<u> </u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Acquisition of capital assets -	_
Principal paid on general obligation bonds and note (22,328) (28	,190)
Interest paid on general obligation bonds and note (24,978) (28	,184)
Cash received from governmental activities (50,073) 26	, 257
Net cash provided (used) by	
capital and related financing activities (97,379) (30	,117)
NEW TWODEN OF THE GROWN AND TOURNAL THE	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS	_
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS	
Beginning of year	
End of year \$ - \$	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
ALI CADII INOVIDED (UDED) DI ULEMING ACTIVITIED	
Operating income (loss) \$ 64,536 \$ (39)	,787)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
	, 512
	, 398
	,040
Changes in assets and liabilities:	,
	,604)
Refundable advances and other deposits 600	558
Total adjustments 32,843 69	,904
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities \$ 97,379 \$ 30	, 117

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Delaware City, Delaware [the "City"] have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units, hereafter referred to as GAAP. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board [GASB] is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City's more significant accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The City of Delaware City is a municipal corporation incorporated March 5, 1851 under the provisions of the State of Delaware. The City is governed by a six-member governing body consisting of the Mayor [elected at large] and five Members of Council and provides traditional municipal services authorized by its charter as well as water services. In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units for which the City may or may not be financially accountable and, as such, be includable within the City's basic financial statements. According to GASB, the City is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of an entity's governing board and [1] it can impose its will on the entity or [2] there is a potential for the entity to provide specific financial benefit to or impose a specific financial burden on the City. Additionally, the statement requires the City to consider other entities for which the nature and significance of their relationship are such that exclusion would cause the City's [reporting entity] financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The City has one organization meeting the above criteria and the City has elected to include the following component unit:

• Delaware City Day Committee was formed for the purpose of accounting for the financial activity of "Delaware City Day" annual celebration.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The component unit column in the government-wide financial statements includes the financial data of the only component unit of the City. The component unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City's primary government operations. The component unit reports its financial activities using a year ending March 31 which coincides with its operating purpose.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The City's basic financial statements consist of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements consist of two statements: the statement of net position and the statement of activities. As a general rule, the effects of any interfund balances have been removed from the government-wide financial statements. All internal balances in the statement of net position have been eliminated, with the exception of those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total government column. In the statement of activities, the transactions between the governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues [governmental activities] from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and/or other charges [business-type activities]. The governmental activities of the City include general government, code enforcement, public safety [police], public works [streets and sanitation], parks and recreation, Community Center, and other general administrative support services. The business-type activities of the City include the water system.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other revenue sources not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for both the governmental funds and the proprietary fund. The major individual governmental funds and the proprietary fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned or received, and for property taxes in the period for which they are levied. Expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the respective period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the respective period.

Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all of the eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims which are recognized when payment is due.

Charges for services, property taxes, grants and similar items, and interest associated with the reporting period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when received.

The City reports the following major governmental fund types:

- The *general fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted in other funds.
- The **special revenue fund** accounts for resources and payments of activities derived from earmarked revenue sources. When such needs arise, separate self-balancing funds are established to account for each restricted special revenue source. The special revenue fund consists of grant award funds and the "Revolving Loan Fund." The purpose of the revolving loan fund is to provide "Façade Improvement" funding to private businesses for the revitalization of the City's downtown area.

Additionally, the City reports the following business fund type:

• The **proprietary fund** accounts for resources and payments made for providing water service to the citizens of the City and the surrounding community. The fund consists of the water fund.

The proprietary fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating activities. The operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing and delivering goods and services in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the proprietary fund are water fees. Operating expenses include salaries, employee benefits, contracted services, supplies and materials, plant and system maintenance, and administrative expenses. Revenues and expenses not meeting the criteria are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP as it applies to governmental units requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses and/or expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, the actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Accounting

The City Council follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected within the financial statements as Required Supplementary Information [RSI]:

- The City Manager submits to Council a proposed budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them.
- Council meets in open session to review the proposed budget.
- Not later than the final public meeting prior to the end of the preceding fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted.
- The City Manager is required to present to Council a monthly budget report explaining any variances from the approved budget.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for all operating funds.
- The budget for the general fund is adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. GAAP.
- The budget for budgeted special revenues is approved on a funding-by-funding basis.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to assign that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration for the governmental funds. Encumbrances at the year-end are reported as assigned fund balance since encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but serve as the authorization for expenditures in the subsequent year. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the City has no encumbrances outstanding.

Cash and Equivalents

Demand deposits and highly liquid unrestricted investments with an initial maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

Receivable-Property Taxes

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the property taxes receivable is reflected net of an estimated uncollectible allowance of \$75,700 and \$157,721, respectively. The allowance also includes code enforcement fines which are combined by the City. The allowance is based upon historical data established according to experience and other factors which in the judgment of City officials deserve recognition in estimating probable future losses. Management believes they have adequately provided for such losses.

Receivable-Accounts

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the accounts receivable are reflected net of an estimated uncollectible allowance of \$44,409 and \$36,113, respectively. The allowance is based upon historical data established according to experience and other factors which in the judgment of City officials deserve recognition in estimating probable future losses. Management believes they have adequately provided for such losses.

Receivable-Other

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the other receivable is reflected net of an estimated uncollectible allowance of \$67,480 and \$1,196, respectively. The allowance is based upon historical data established according to experience and other factors which in the judgment of City officials deserve recognition in estimating probable future losses. Management believes they have adequately provided for such losses.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of the lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivable or interfund payable" [current portion] or "interfund advances from/to other funds" [noncurrent portion].

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by an assigned fund balance account in the applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. The City has no such activity for the years presented.

Prepayments and Other Assets

Payments made to vendors for goods and services that will benefit periods beyond the current period are recorded as prepayments and other assets using the consumption method by recording an asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the period in which the goods and services are consumed. At the fund reporting level, when present, an equal amount of fund balance is classified as nonspendable, as the amount is not available for appropriation.

Due From Other Governments

Due from other governments represents reimbursements and grants from other governments. Grant revenues are recognized when expenses/expenditures for purposes of the grant award have been incurred in the government-wide financial statements and, as long as it meets the measurable and available criteria in governmental fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets consisted of funds awarded to the City in the "Texaco Settlement Agreement and Release" dated September 20, 2007 in the amount of \$350,000. The restricted assets also included net investment income earned on these funds since receipt of the award. During fiscal years 2019 and 2018, the City expended \$15,205 and \$0 of said funds with the remainder of the funds in the amount of \$0 and \$15,205 are reflected as refundable advances and other deposits, respectively, in the special revenue fund.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets consist of property, plant, furnishings, equipment, and infrastructure assets completed after June 30, 2003 [such as roads, sidewalks, traffic signals, street lights, and similar items], and are reported in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$1,500 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value as of the date of the donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of an asset or materially extend its life is not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets for business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the asset constructed. The amount of interest capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period. No interest costs were capitalized for the years presented. The capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Categories	Years
Buildings and improvements	10 to 50
Improvements other than buildings	5 to 50
Machinery and equipment	3 to 10
Furniture and office equipment	3 to 10
Water system	15 to 40
Infrastructure assets	20 to 50

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Bond Issue Costs

Bond issue costs of \$27,969 resulted from the Bond Issue, Series 2006. The costs are being amortized over the twenty-year [20] life of the bond using the straight-line method. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the accumulated amortization is \$17,593 and \$16,195 respectively. The annual amortization expense is \$1,398.

Funds Held in Custody

Funds held in custody are funds administered by the City in an agency capacity to account for assets of other organizations and activities not considered part of the City's budgeted operations.

Refundable Advances

The City records grant awards that are accounted as exchange transactions as refundable advances until such time the restrictions are met, at which time the advances are recognized as revenues.

Compensated Absences Policy

Employees can accumulate a certain number of vacation days. The City accrues compensated absences liability that meet the following criteria:

- The obligation related to employee's right to receive compensation for future absences is attributable to services already rendered.
- The obligation relates to rights that vest or accumulate.
- The payment of the compensation is probable.
- The amount can be reasonably estimated.

In accordance with the above criteria, the City reflects a liability for vacation pay, which has been earned but not taken by City employees, on the government-wide statements. As for the governmental fund statements, the long-term portion of the compensated absences liability is not reflected since it is anticipated that none of the liability will be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. However, when present, the proprietary fund liability for compensated absences is reflected as an accrued liability.

<u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources [expense/expenditure] until that period. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. This item is bond issue costs. The amount is reflected in both the government-wide and proprietary fund statement of net position. The amount is deferred and amortized over the life of the bond.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources [revenue] until that time. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category; that item is reflected as unavailable revenue. This item is reported in both the government—wide statement of net position and the governmental fund type balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow from resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Long-Term Obligations

In government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or the proprietary fund statement of net position.

In fund financial statements, the governmental fund types recognize bond discounts and issuance costs in the current period. The bond discounts and refunding losses for the proprietary fund type are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bonds-outstanding method which approximates the effective interest method.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Net Position and Fund Equity

In government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements, net position is reported in three separate categories: net position invested in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The net position invested in capital assets represents capital assets less accumulated depreciation less outstanding principal of the related debt obligation and does not include unspent proceeds of capital debt. Restricted net position represents net position restricted by parties outside of the City [such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, and regulations of other governments] and may include unspent grant awards. All other net position is considered to be unrestricted.

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are required to be reported according to the following classifications:

- Nonspendable fund balance-Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must remain intact. This classification includes prepayments and other assets, inventory, assets held for sale, and long-term receivables.
- Restricted fund balance-Constraints placed on the use of these amounts are either externally imposed by creditors [debt covenants], grantors, contributors, or other governments; or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance-Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes because of a formal action [resolution or ordinance] by the City's highest level of decision-making authority: City Council.
- Assigned fund balance-Amounts constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by City Council, or by an official to whom authority has been given. With the exception of the general fund, this is the residual fund balance classification for all governmental funds with positive balances.
- Unassigned fund balance-This is the residual classification of the general fund. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification, as the result of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 2 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes within the City limits are \$1.19 per \$100 of assessed valuation for fiscal year 2019 and \$1.09 per \$100 of assessed valuation for fiscal year 2018 as levied by City Council. The City bills and collects its own property taxes. Delinquent property taxes are liened by the City. The schedule of property taxes levied is as follows:

July 1 - Levy Date [effective date of enforceable lien]
October 1 - 5% Penalty plus 1% for each subsequent month not paid

NOTE 3 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

A substantial portion of the City's annual assessment of property taxes is received from two corporate taxpayers. The collected property taxes from the two taxpayers approximate 60% of the City's total annual assessment.

NOTE 4 - CASH AND EQUIVALENTS

It is the City's policy to invest its funds principally in money market accounts and with financial institutions that are FDIC insured and provide collateralization for deposits in excess of FDIC insurance.

The City's deposits [cash and equivalents] are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed as of June 30, 2019 and 2018. The categories are described below:

		2019			 20	18	
Category	Book		Bank		Book		Bank
1	\$	365,120	\$	394,440	\$ 279,626	\$	330,182
2		_		_	34,489		34,489
3		400			 771		
Total deposits	\$	365,520	\$	394,440	\$ 314,886	\$	364,671

Category 1: Insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

Category 2: Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's Trust department or agent in the City's name.

Category 3: Uncollateralized and uninsured deposits.

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the City's deposits held primarily by one financial institution are insured with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation [FDIC]. Deposits totaling \$394,440 and \$364,671 held by the financial institutions are in excess of FDIC limits in the amount of \$0 and \$34,489, respectively. Deposits in excess of FDIC limits are collateralized with U.S. Government securities held by the primary financial institution in the City's name. Category 3 balances are subject to custodial risk and consist of cash held by the City.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution's failure, the deposits may not be returned to the City.

NOTE 5 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

Intergovernmental receivables represent receivables from other governmental agencies for revenues earned but not received as of June 30 by the City.

At June 30, due from other governments consists of receivables due from the following government agencies:

	Activity Type								
		2019				20	18		
Description	Governmental		Governmental Business		Governmental		Bus	iness	
Delaware Department of Natural Resources Delaware Emergency Management Agency	\$	105,733 -	\$	- -	\$	113,337	\$	- -	
Delaware Economic Development Office Delaware Historical and Cultural Affairs						39,101 4,342			
Total intergovernmental receivables	\$	105,733	\$	-	\$	229,857	\$	_	

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City purchases commercial insurance policies in response to risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. Premium payments for the insurance policies are recorded as expenditures/expenses of the City, and insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the years presented.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following tables summarize annual changes in the activity of the capital assets:

	As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019						
	Beginning			Ending			
Description	Balances	Additions	Deletions	Balances			
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets, not depreciated:							
Land	\$ 421,737	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 421,737			
Construction in progress:							
Streets and sidewalks	_	-	=	=			
Trees, trails and landscape							
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	421,737			421,737			
Capital assets, bring depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	4,831,085	13,291	-	4,844,376			
Furniture and office equipment	161,287	28,199	-	189,486			
Vehicles and equipment	269,393	8,311	-	277,704			
Streets and sidewalks	2,216,548	338,595	-	2,555,143			
Trees, trails and landscape	2,008,350			2,008,350			
Total being depreciated	9,486,663	388,396		9,875,059			
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	1,810,173	149,499	-	1,959,672			
Furniture and office equipment	68,134	22,886	-	91,020			
Vehicles and equipment	211,237	16,113	-	227,350			
Streets and sidewalks	1,081,621	124,718	-	1,206,339			
Trees, trails and landscape	778,672	91,623		870,295			
Total accumulated depreciation	3,949,837	404,839		4,354,676			
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	5,536,826	(16,443)		5,520,383			
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,958,563	\$ (16,443)	\$ -	\$ 5,942,120			
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets, not depreciated:							
Land	\$ 18,331	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,331			
Construction in progress	-			-			
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	18,331	_	_	18,331			
Capital assets, bring depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	415,592	=	-	415,592			
Water distribution system	2,711,684	_	-	2,711,684			
Machinery and equipment							
Total being depreciated	3,127,276	-	-	3,127,276			
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	394,499	10,502	-	405,001			
Water distribution system	2,554,555	23,764		2,578,319			
Machinery and equipment				<u> </u>			
Total accumulated depreciation	2,949,054	34,266		2,983,320			
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	178,222	(34,266)		143,956			
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 196,553	\$ (34,266)	\$ -	\$ 162,287			

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

The following tables summarize annual changes in the activity of the capital assets:

	As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2018					
	Beginning			Ending		
Description	Balances	Additions	Deletions	Balances		
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets, not depreciated:						
Land	\$ 421,737	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 421,737		
Construction in progress:						
Streets and sidewalks	-	-	-	-		
Trees, trails and landscape						
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	421,737			421,737		
Capital assets, bring depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	4,831,085	-	-	4,831,085		
Furniture and office equipment	133,088	28,199	-	161,287		
Vehicles and equipment	229,865	39,528	_	269,393		
Streets and sidewalks	2,216,548	_	-	2,216,548		
Trees, trails and landscape	2,008,350	_		2,008,350		
Total being depreciated	9,418,936	67,727	-	9,486,663		
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	1,659,334	150,839	-	1,810,173		
Furniture and office equipment	56,427	11,707	_	68,134		
Vehicles and equipment	183,607	27,630	_	211,237		
Streets and sidewalks	966,780	114,841	-	1,081,621		
Trees, trails and landscape	688,524	90,148	_	778,672		
Total accumulated depreciation	3,554,672	395,165	_	3,949,837		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	5,864,264	(327,438)		5,536,826		
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 6,286,001	\$ (327,438)	\$ -	\$ 5,958,563		
Business-type activities:						
Capital assets, not depreciated:						
Land	\$ 18,331	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,331		
Construction in progress	y 10,551 -	- -	- -	y 10,551 -		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	18,331			18,331		
Capital assets, bring depreciated:	10,551			10,551		
Buildings and improvements	415,592	_	_	415,592		
Water distribution system	2,711,684	_	_	2,711,684		
Machinery and equipment	_	_	-	_		
Total being depreciated	3,127,276			3,127,276		
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	383,998	10,501	_	394,499		
Water distribution system	2,494,544	60,011	_	2,554,555		
Machinery and equipment	-	-	-	-		
Total accumulated depreciation	2,878,542	70,512		2,949,054		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	248,734	(70,512)		178,222		
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 267,065	\$ (70,512)	\$ -	\$ 196,553		

NOTE 8 - LINE OF CREDIT

On August 12, 2011, the City issued a general obligation note for \$150,000 to Wilmington Savings Fund Society, FSB. The note [a line of credit] carries a variable interest rate [currently at 4.75%] and is payable on demand. The note is for the purpose of providing working capital and is secured with the full faith and credit of the City and the assignment of property tax revenues. As of and for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the City has not utilized the line of credit and has no outstanding balance.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The following tables summarize the annual changes in long-term debt obligations:

	As of and Year Ended June 30, 2019						
				Ending Balances			
	Beginning			Long-term	Due Within		
Description	Balances	Additions	Payments	Portion	One Year		
Governmental Activities:							
General obligation bonds:							
2008 Series	\$ 176,927	\$ -	\$ 7,873	\$ 160,869	\$ 8,185		
2018 Series	_	713,217	-	713,217	_		
Promissory note-WSFS Bank	89,476	-	29,517	29,166	30,793		
Ford Motor Credit Note	17,075	-	8,390	-	8,685		
Ford Motor Credit Note	28,701	-	8,976	10,171	9,554		
Verizon Corporation Note	143,758		28,752	86,254	28,752		
Total bond and notes	455,937	713,217	83,508	999,677	85,969		
Compensated absences	19,719		76	19,643			
Total long-term debt	\$ 475,656	\$ 713,217	\$ 83,584	\$1,019,320	\$ 85,969		

The compensated absences liability for governmental activities is generally liquidated with general fund resources.

	As of and Year Ended June 30, 2019									
								Ending I	Balan	ices
	Ве	eginning					Lo	ong-term	Du	e Within
Description	B	alances	Add	itions	Pa	ayments	1	Portion	O:	ne Year
Business-Type Activities:										
General obligation bonds:										
1995 Series	\$	463,989	\$	-	\$	15,441	\$	432,320	\$	16,228
2006 Series		148,434		-		6,887		120,313		21,234
Total long-term debt	\$	612,423	\$	-	\$	22,328	\$	552,633	\$	37,462

General Obligation Bonds and Notes

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008

The general obligation bonds, Series 2008 [issued in the amount of \$234,000] carry a maturity date of August 14, 2034. The proceeds of the general obligation bonds were used to finance the City's "Community Center Roof Replacement" project. The bonds carry a fixed interest rate of 4.125% and are payable in monthly installments of \$1,252 [principal and interest].

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

General Obligation Bonds and Notes (continued)

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008 (continued)

At June 30, 2019, the repayment schedule is as follows:

Years Ending June 30	Principal Interest		Total
2020	\$ 8,185	\$ 6,839	\$ 15,024
2021	8,548	6,476	15,024
2022	8,908	6,116	15,024
2023	9,282	5,742	15,024
2024	9,658	5,366	15,024
2025-2029	54,799	20,321	75,120
2030-2034	67,335	7,785	75,120
2035	2,339	165	2,504
Total required payments	\$ 169,054	\$ 58,810	\$ 227,864

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2018

The general obligation bonds, Series 2018 [issued in the amount of \$713,217] carry a maturity date of July 1, 2038. The proceeds of the general obligation bonds were used to finance the City's "Washington Street Flood Mitigation" project. The bonds carry a fixed interest rate of 2.000% and are payable in semiannual installments of interest only until July 1, 2020, when they become payable in semiannual installments of \$23,157 [principal and interest]. At June 30, 2019, the repayment schedule is as follows:

Years Ending June 30	Principal	Principal Interest	
2020	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2021	32,209	14,104	46,313
2022	32,857	13,457	46,314
2023	33,517	12,796	46,313
2024	34,191	12,123	46,314
2025-2029	181,544	50,024	231,568
2030-2034	200,538	31,030	231,568
2035-2039	198,361	10,050	208,411
Total required payments	\$ 713,217	\$ 143,584	\$ 856,801

Promissory Note-WSFS Bank

On June 29, 2016, the City issued a promissory note to WSFS Bank in the amount of \$147,223, with a fixed interest rate of 4.49%. The note was issued for the purpose of refinancing the Citizens Bank General Obligation Bond. The note requires monthly payments of \$2,748 [principal and interest] for five years and has a maturity date of June 29, 2021. The note is secured with interest in land located at 321 Washington Street, Delaware City, Delaware. At June 30, 2019, the repayment schedule is as follows:

Years Ending June 30	Principal Interes		Principal Interest		Total		
2020	\$	30,793	\$ 2,187	\$	32,980		
2021		29,166	 1,066		30,232		
Total required payments	\$	59,959	\$ 3,253	\$	63,212		

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

General Obligation Bonds and Notes (continued)

Ford Motor Credit Note

On August 26, 2016, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement in the amount of \$35,421 maturing on November 26, 2019. The proceeds were used to purchase a 2016 Ford Police Interceptor Sedan. The agreement carries a fixed interest rate of 6.45%, requiring a down payment of \$9,491 at signing, and requires three annual payments of \$9,491 [principal and interest]. At June 30, 2019, the repayment schedule is as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2020	\$	8,685	\$	561	\$	9,246
Total required payments	\$	8,685	\$	561	\$	9,246

Ford Motor Credit Note

On January 3, 2018, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement in the amount of \$43,308 maturing on January 3, 2021. The proceeds were used to purchase a 2017 Ford Police Explorer. The agreement carries a fixed interest rate of 6.45%, requiring a down payment of \$10,827 at signing, and requires three annual payments of \$10,827 [principal and interest]. At June 30, 2019, the repayment schedule is as follows:

Years Ending June 30	Pr	Principal		Principal Interest		iterest	Total		
2020 2021	\$	9,554 10,171	\$	1,273 656	\$	10,827 10,827			
Total required payments	\$	19,725	\$	1,929	\$	21,654			

Verizon Corporation Note

On July 2, 2018, the City issued an unsecured non-interest note to Verizon Corporation in the amount of \$143,758. The note was issued as a result of Verizon's successful appeal of New Castle County's property tax assessment value used by the City to assess its property taxes. The appeal resulted in an overpayment of property taxes by Verizon of \$143,758 to the City. The City negotiated a non-interest bearing note payable over five years. The note requires annual installments of \$28,752 and has a maturity date of July 1, 2023. At June 30, 2019, the repayment schedule is as follows:

Years Ending June 30	Principal Interest		Total		
2020	\$ 28,752	\$ -	\$ 28,752		
2021	28,752	_	28,752		
2022	28,752	-	28,752		
2023	28,750		28,750		
Total required payments	\$ 115,006	\$ -	\$ 115,006		

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

General Obligation Bonds and Notes (continued)

General Obligation Bonds, Series 1995

The general obligation bonds, Series 1995 [issued in the amount of \$662,000] carry a maturity date of February 21, 2037. The proceeds of the general obligation bonds were used to finance the City's "Water System Improvement Project." The bonds carry a fixed interest rate of 5.00% and are payable in quarterly installments of \$9,593 [principal and interest]. At June 30, 2019, the repayment schedule is as follows:

Years Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total		
2020	\$ 16,228	\$ 22,144	\$ 38,372		
2021	17,055	21,317	38,372		
2022	17,924	20,448	38,372		
2023	18,837	19,535	38,372		
2024	19,796	18,576	38,372		
2025-2029	115,178	76,682	191,860		
2030-2034	147,663	44,197	191,860		
2035-2037	95,867	7,593	103,460		
Total required payments	\$ 448,548	\$ 230,492	\$ 679,040		

General Obligation Bond, Series 2006

On October 11, 2006, the City issued a General Obligation Bond to the Delaware Safe Drinking Water Revolving Fund, Delaware Department of Health & Social Services, Division of Public Health in the amount of \$273,237, with a maturity date of August 1, 2027. The bond carries a fixed interest rate of 2.76% on the principal amount thereof and requires semiannual payments of \$8,935 [principal and interest] on August 1 and February 1 of each year. The bond was issued for the purpose of funding the "Delaware City Well No. 5 Upgrade Project." The bond is secured with the full faith and credit of the City. At June 30, 2019, the repayment schedule is as follows:

Years Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 21,234	\$ 5,570	\$ 26,804
2021	14,649	3,220	17,869
2022	15,056	2,813	17,869
2023	15,475	2,394	17,869
2024	15,905	1,964	17,869
2025–2028	59,228	3,315	62,543
Total required payments	\$ 141,547	\$ 19,276	\$ 160,823

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

General Obligation Bonds and Notes (continued)

The following tables summarize future maturities of principal and interest payments:

Years Ending	General Obli	gation Bonds	General Obli	gation Notes	
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Totals
Governmental Activities:					
2020	\$ 8,185	\$ 6,839	77,784	4,021	96,829
2021	40,757	20,580	68,089	1,722	131,148
2022	41,765	19,573	28,752	-	90,090
2023	42,799	18,538	28,750	_	90,087
2024	43,849	17,489	_	-	61,338
2025-2029	236,343	70,345	-	_	306,688
2030-2034	267,873	38,815	_	-	306,688
2035-2039	200,700	10,215		_	210,915
Totals	\$ 882,271	\$ 202,394	\$ 203,375	\$ 5,743	\$1,293,783
Business-Type Activities:					
2020	37,462	27,714	_	_	65,176
2021	31,704	24,537	_	_	56,241
2022	32,980	23,261	-	_	56,241
2023	34,312	21,929	_	-	56,241
2024	35,701	20,540	-	_	56,241
2025-2029	174,406	79,997	-	_	254,403
2030-2034	147,663	44,197	-	_	191,860
2035-2039	95,867	7,593			103,460
Totals	\$ 590,095	\$ 249,768	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 839,863

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN

The City adopted a "5304 Savings Incentive Plan for Employees of Small Employers [SIMPLE]" administered by Edward Jones for the City's employees. The plan is intended to provide benefits for eligible City employees. The City contributes to each eligible employee's SIMPLE IRA a matching contribution equal to the employee's salary reduction contributions up to a limit of 3.00% of the employee's compensation for the calendar year. The City contributed \$5,052 and \$7,717 for eligible employees participating in the retirement plan for fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

NOTE 11 - LEASING ARRANGEMENTS

At June 30, 2019, the City is involved in the following leasing arrangements:

Operating Leases as Lessee

The City leases the following office equipment under operating leasing arrangements:

	Mon	nthly	
Description	Rer	ntals	Expiration Date
Canon Image Runner Advance C5540 iii Copier System	\$	398	October, 2021
Konica-Minolta C224e Digital Copier System		154	June, 2022

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 11 LEASING ARRANGEMENTS (continued)

Operating Leases as Lessee (continued)

At June 30, 2019, the minimum future rentals under non-cancelable leasing arrangements having remaining terms in excess of one year in the aggregate are:

Years Ending June 30	A	mount
2020	Ś	6,624
2021	·	6,624
2022		3,042
Total minimum future rental payments required	\$	16,290

Total rental costs are \$6,525 and \$6,228 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Operating Leases as Lessor

The City is the lessor of certain real property under operating leasing arrangements expiring at various dates. The following is a summary of property held for lease for the years presented:

	Purpose	C	ost
Property Under Lease	of Rental	Ва	asis
Certain land parcels	Commercial	\$	-
Water Tower-Air Rights	Mobile Antennae		-
511 Fifth Street, Delaware City	Public Works Yard		-

The leasing arrangements are generally based on a percentage of lessee collections in conjunction with fixed rentals and as such the rentals cannot be estimated for future periods. Total rentals received are \$134,515 and \$153,713 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business, there are various outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities in addition to the normal encumbrances for the purchase of goods and services. The City does not anticipate losses as a result of these transactions.

Government Grant Awards

The City participates in a number of federally and state-assisted grant awards. These awards are subject to compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount of expenditures not already disclosed, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation

In the normal course of business, the City may become involved in litigation; any losses from such litigation are generally covered by insurance. At June 30, 2019, the City is not aware of any material threatened or pending litigation with which the City solicitor anticipates could result in significant financial liability to the City.

NOTE 13 - GASB STATEMENT IMPLEMENTATION

The City has implemented GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. Implementation is required for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, with earlier application encouraged. The objective of the Statement is to address accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations [ARO]. An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible asset. The implementation of the Statement had no impact on the financial statements since the City does not have such asset retirement obligations.

In April of 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. Implementation is required for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, with earlier application encouraged. The objective of the Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in the notes to government financial statements related to debt, including borrowings and direct placements. The Statement also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The implementation of the Statement had minimal impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 14 - PENDING GASB STATEMENTS

The City has not completed the various analyses required to estimate the future impact of the following new pronouncements on its financial statements. Generally, the City does not early implement GASB statements and pronouncements.

In January of 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. Implementation is required for periods beginning after December 15, 2018, with earlier application encouraged. The objective of the Statement is to establish criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on [1] whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity, and [2] the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists.

In June of 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases. Implementation is required for periods beginning after December 15, 2019, with earlier application encouraged. The objective of the Statement is to better meet the informational needs of the financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The Statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an asset.

In June of 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period. Implementation is required for periods beginning after December 15, 2019; however the Statement should be applied retrospectively. The Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of the construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for the financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, the interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in the business-type activity or enterprise fund. The statement also reiterates that in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. Such interest includes all interest that was previously accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5-22 of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, which are superseded by this Statement.

In August of 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61. Implementation is required for periods beginning after December 15, 2018, with earlier application encouraged. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 14 - PENDING GASB STATEMENTS (continued)

In May of 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations. Implementation is required for periods beginning after December 15, 2020, with earlier application encouraged. The primary objectives of the Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with [1] commitments extended by issuers, [2] arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and [3] related note disclosures. The Statement achieves the objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures.

NOTE 15 - EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the auditor's report, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. Management has determined that no adjustments are necessary to the financial statements.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Variance with Final Budget	
	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 960,000	\$ 960,000	\$ 995,735	\$ 35,735	
Property taxes-transfer tax	70,000	70,000	94,014	24,014	1
Cable franchise taxes	20,000	20,000	16,722	(3,278)	6
Licenses and permits	98,675	98,675	78,925	(19,750)	2
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	919,018	919,018	3
Police fines and court fees	12,000	12,000	9,353	(2,647)	6
Charges for services	60,525	60,525	25,959	(34,566)	4
Interest and rents	159,500	159,500	140,711	(18,789)	5
Contributions	2,050	2,050	6,466	4,416	6
Miscellaneous revenues			15,205	15,205	6
Total revenues	1,382,750	1,382,750	2,302,108	919,358	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	704,194	704,194	512,446	191,748	7
Code enforcement	57,573	57,573	22,366	35,207	4
Public safety-police	368,688	368,688	460,751	(92,063)	8
Public works-streets	143,156	143,156	86,100	57,056	9
Public works-sanitation	189,520	189,520	213,813	(24,293)	10
Parks and recreation	60,000	60,000	72,703	(12,703)	11
Community Center	20,500	20,500	61,563	(41,063)	11
Capital reserve	=	=	=	=	
Capital outlay	8,326	8,326	1,650,910	(1,642,584)	3
Debt service	58,143	58,143	102,037	(43,894)	12
Total expenditures	1,610,100	1,610,100	3,182,689	(1,572,589)	
EXCESS (DEFICIT)					
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(227,350)	(227,350)	(880,581)	(653,231)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from new financing	=	-	713,217	713,217	3
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	5,000	5,000	800	(4,200)	6
Refund of prior year expenditures	-	-	(11,957)	(11,957)	4.0
Operating transfers in (out)	222,350	222,350	143,353	(78,997)	13
Total other financing sources (uses)	227,350	227,350	845,413	618,063	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	(35,168)	(35,168)	
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning of year			172,647	172,647	
End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 137,479	\$ 137,479	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)
Year Ended June 30, 2019

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City annually adopts a budget for the general fund financial statements. The budgets are integrated into the accounting system, and the budgetary data, as presented in the financial statements for all funds with annual budgets, compare the expenditures with the amended budgets. The budgets for the governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the accompanying budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund presents actual expenditures in accordance with the U.S. GAAP as applied to governmental units on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budgets as amended. The unexpended appropriations on annual budgets lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Significant Budget Variances in Excess of 10% of Budget

- 1. Property transfer taxes exceeded budgeted expectations as a result of a better housing market.
- 2. The budget category for licenses and permits fees was optimistic at best; however, actual results were consistent with recent history.
- 3. The City does not generally budget for intergovernmental revenues or capital project expenditures since such expenditures are typically funded by the intergovernmental revenues or proceeds from new financing, as was the case this year.
- 4. The unfavorable variance for charges and services revenue was primarily due to much lower than budgeted revenue from code enforcement fines; and the positive variance in expenditures was due to the elimination of the code officer position.
- 5. The interest and rent revenue category fell short of the budgeted amount primarily from rents received from the telecommunication activity.
- 6. Contributions received from the public and other non-recurring revenues are difficult to budget as they can vary year to year.
- 7. The favorable variance in general governmental expenditures is a result of payroll expenditures and related benefits being lower than budgeted due to personnel turnover.
- 8. The unfavorable variance in public safety-police expenditures is a result of a more accurate allocation of administrative and personnel costs and higher than budgeted expenditures for vehicle maintenance and equipment and supplies.
- 9. The favorable variance in public works-streets expenditures is primarily due to a large amount budgeted for maintenance and repairs which was little used.
- 10. The unfavorable variance in public works-sanitation expenditures is due to higher than budgeted trash and yard waste collection costs.
- 11. The unfavorable variances in parks and recreation and the Community Center are due to additional maintenance costs in excess of what was budgeted.
- 12. The debt service budget category did not reflect all debt service requirements.
- 13. The City balanced the Water Fund's budget with operating transfers to the General Fund. However, the Water Fund's budget did not include several City-wide administrative and other operating expenses which are allocated to the Water Fund during the year, resulting in a much lower amount of operating transfers. However, Municipal Street Aid funds, used to assist in funding a major streets capital improvement project, were transferred from the Special Revenue Fund.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
As of June 30, 2019 With Comparative Totals for 2018

			State Funding							Tot	cals				
	Fed	eral	Mur	nicipal		SALLE			Lo	cal	Re	evolving	[Memoran	dum 0	nly]
	Fun	ding	Str	eet Aid	an	d EIDE	0.	ther	Fun	nding	Lo	an Fund	2019		2018
ASSETS															
ASSETS															
Cash and equivalents	\$	-	\$	1,000	\$	7,385	\$	-	\$	=	\$	71,798	\$ 80,183	\$	114,611
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-		=	-		229,857
Interfund receivables (payables)				8,189		(5,729)							 2,460		(116,049)
TOTAL ASSETS	\$		\$	9,189	\$	1,656	\$	=	\$	_	\$	71,798	\$ 82,643	\$	228,419
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES															
LIABILITIES															
Refundable advances and other deposits	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,656	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$ 1,656	\$	104,619
Total liabilities						1,656						=	 1,656		104,619
FUND BALANCES															
Restricted-specific programs	\$	-	\$	9,189	\$	-	\$	-	\$	=	\$	62,000	\$ 71,189	\$	114,110
Unassigned		_								_		9,798	 9,798		9,690
Total fund balances				9,189								71,798	 80,987		123,800
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$		\$	9,189	\$	1,656	\$		\$		\$	71,798	\$ 82,643	\$	228,419

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Year Ended June 30, 2019 With Comparative Totals for 2018

			State Funding				Tot	als
	Federal	Municipal	SALLE		Local	Revolving	[Memoran	dum Only]
	Funding	Street Aid	reet Aid and EIDE Other Funding		Loan Fund	2019	2018	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Federal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 148,172
State	_	50,359	9,281	_	_	_	59,640	303,266
Interest revenue						108	108	107
Total revenues		50,359	9,281			108	59,748	451,545
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public-general government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,342
Public safety-police	-	-	6,071	-	-	-	6,071	20,192
Public works-streets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,524
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,563
Community Center	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,772
Capital outlay:								
Public safety-police	-	-	3,210	-	-	-	3,210	_
Public works-streets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	348,411
Debt service:								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and other fees								
Total expenditures			9,281				9,281	414,804
EXCESS (DEFICIT) REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		50,359				108	50,467	36,741
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Operating transfers out		(93,280)					(93,280)	
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		(93,280)					(93,280)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	(42,921)	-	-	-	108	(42,813)	36,741
FUND BALANCES								
Beginning of year		52,110				71,690	123,800	87,059
End of year	\$ -	\$ 9,189	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 71,798	\$ 80,987	\$ 123,800

See Report of Independent Auditor